

General Assembly

Amendment

January Session, 2013

LCO No. 8219

HB0664408219HD0

Offered by:

REP. JOHNSON, 49th Dist. SEN. GERRATANA, 6th Dist. REP. SRINIVASAN, 31st Dist. SEN. WELCH, 31st Dist.

To: Subst. House Bill No. **6644**

File No. 580

Cal. No. 367

"AN ACT CONCERNING VARIOUS REVISIONS TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH STATUTES."

- In line 20, strike "Two" and insert the following in lieu thereof: "Not 1
- 2 more than two"
- 3 Strike lines 206 to 866, inclusive, in their entirety and renumber the
- 4 remaining sections and internal references accordingly
- 5 In line 920, strike "2013" and insert "2015" in lieu thereof
- 6 In line 923, bracket "2010" and after the closing bracket insert the
- following: "2013" 7
- 8 In line 958, in the effective date after "2013" insert the following: ",
- and applicable to registration periods beginning on or after October 1, 2014" 9
- 10 Strike lines 1355 to 1357, inclusive, in their entirety and insert the

11 following in lieu thereof: "Demographic data; (2) diagnostic, treatment

- 12 and pathology reports; (3) operative reports, hematology, medical
- 13 oncology and radiation therapy consults, or abstracts of such reports
- or consults in a format prescribed by the department; and (4) other
- 15 medical information [shall also be"
- After the last section, add the following and renumber sections and
- 17 internal references accordingly:
- 18 "Sec. 501. Section 19a-521 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 19 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
- As used in this section and sections 19a-522 to 19a-534a, inclusive, as
- 21 <u>amended by this act,</u> 19a-536 to 19a-539, inclusive, <u>as amended by this</u>
- 22 <u>act</u>, 19a-550 to 19a-554, inclusive, <u>as amended by this act</u>, and 19a-562a,
- 23 unless the context otherwise requires:
- 24 (1) "Nursing home facility" means any nursing home [or residential
- 25 care home as defined in section 19a-490] or any rest home with nursing
- 26 supervision [which provides, in addition to personal care required in a
- 27 residential care home,] that provides nursing supervision under a
- 28 medical director twenty-four hours per day, or any chronic and
- 29 convalescent nursing home [which] that provides skilled nursing care
- 30 under medical supervision and direction to carry out nonsurgical
- 31 treatment and dietary procedures for chronic diseases, convalescent
- 32 stages, acute diseases or injuries; ["department"]
- 33 (2) "Department" means the Department of Public Health; [and
- 34 "commissioner"]
- 35 (3) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Public Health or
- 36 the commissioner's designated representative; [.] and
- 37 (4) "Residential care home" means an establishment that furnishes,
- 38 in single or multiple facilities, food and shelter to two or more persons
- 39 unrelated to the proprietor and, in addition, provides services that
- 40 meet a need beyond the basic provisions of food, shelter and laundry.

Sec. 502. Subsection (c) of section 19a-490 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 43 1, 2013):

- (c) "Residential care home", "nursing home" or "rest home" means an establishment [which] that furnishes, in single or multiple facilities, food and shelter to two or more persons unrelated to the proprietor and, in addition, provides services [which] that meet a need beyond the basic provisions of food, shelter and laundry;
- Sec. 503. Subsection (a) of section 17b-451 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 51 1, 2013):
 - (a) Any physician or surgeon licensed under the provisions of chapter 370, any resident physician or intern in any hospital in this state, whether or not so licensed, any registered nurse, any nursing home administrator, nurse's aide or orderly in a nursing home facility or residential care home, any person paid for caring for a patient in a nursing home facility or residential care home, any staff person employed by a nursing home facility or residential care home, any patients' advocate and any licensed practical nurse, medical examiner, dentist, optometrist, chiropractor, podiatrist, social worker, clergyman, police officer, pharmacist, psychologist or physical therapist, who has reasonable cause to suspect or believe that any elderly person has been abused, neglected, exploited or abandoned, or is in a condition [which] that is the result of such abuse, neglect, exploitation or abandonment, or is in need of protective services, shall, not later than seventy-two hours after such suspicion or belief arose, report such information or cause a report to be made in any reasonable manner to the Commissioner of Social Services or to the person or persons designated by the commissioner to receive such reports. Any person required to report under the provisions of this section who fails to make such report within the prescribed time period shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars, except that, if such person intentionally fails to make such report within the prescribed time

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period, such person shall be guilty of a class C misdemeanor for the first offense and a class A misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.

- Sec. 504. Section 19a-491b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
 - (a) Any person who is licensed to establish, conduct, operate or maintain a nursing home or residential care home shall notify the Commissioner of Public Health immediately if the owner, conductor, operator or maintainer of [the] such home, any person described in subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of section 19a-491a, or any nurse or nurse's aide has been convicted of (1) a felony, as defined in section 53a-25, (2) cruelty to persons under section 53-20, or (3) assault of a victim sixty or older under section 53a-61a; or has been subject to any decision imposing disciplinary action by the licensing agency in any state, the District of Columbia, a United States possession or territory or a foreign jurisdiction. Failure to comply with the notification requirement shall subject the licensed person to a civil penalty of not more than one hundred dollars.
 - (b) Each nursing home <u>and residential care home</u> shall require a person described in subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of section 19a-491a or a nurse or nurse's aide to complete and sign an application form which contains questions as to whether the person has been convicted of any crime specified in subsection (a) of this section or has been subject to any decision imposing disciplinary action as described in said subsection. Any person seeking employment in a position connected with the provision of care in a nursing home <u>or residential care home</u> who makes a false written statement regarding such prior criminal convictions or disciplinary action shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
 - (c) The Commissioner of Public Health shall require each initial applicant described in subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 19a-491a to submit to state and national criminal history records checks. The criminal history records checks required by this subsection shall

- be conducted in accordance with section 29-17a.
- Sec. 505. Subsection (a) of section 19a-491c of the general statutes is
- repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July
- 109 1, 2013):
- 110 (a) As used in this section:
- 111 (1) "Criminal history and patient abuse background search" or 112 "background search" means (A) a review of the registry of nurse's 113 aides maintained by the Department of Public Health pursuant to
- section 20-102bb, (B) checks of state and national criminal history
- records conducted in accordance with section 29-17a, and (C) a review
- of any other registry specified by the Department of Public Health
- 117 which the department deems necessary for the administration of a
- 118 background search program.
- 119 (2) "Direct access" means physical access to a patient or resident of a
- long-term care facility that affords an individual with the opportunity
- 121 to commit abuse or neglect against or misappropriate the property of a
- 122 patient or resident.
- 123 (3) "Disqualifying offense" means a conviction of any crime
- 124 described in 42 USC 1320a-7(a)(1), (2), (3) or (4) or a substantiated
- finding of neglect, abuse or misappropriation of property by a state or
- 126 federal agency pursuant to an investigation conducted in accordance
- 127 with 42 USC 1395i-3(g)(1)(C) or 42 USC 1396r(g)(1)(C).
- 128 (4) "Long-term care facility" means any facility, agency or provider
- that is a nursing home, as defined in section 19a-521, as amended by
- 130 this act, a residential care home, as defined in section 19a-521, as
- amended by this act, a home health agency, as defined in section 19a-
- 132 490, as amended by this act, an assisted living services agency, as
- defined in section 19a-490, as amended by this act, an intermediate
- care facility for the mentally retarded, as defined in 42 USC 1396d(d), a
- chronic disease hospital, as defined in section 19a-550, as amended by
- 136 this act, or an agency providing hospice care which is licensed to

provide such care by the Department of Public Health or certified to provide such care pursuant to 42 USC 1395x.

- Sec. 506. Section 19a-497 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
- (a) Each institution shall, upon receipt of a notice of intention to strike by a labor organization representing the employees of such institution, in accordance with the provisions of the National Labor Relations Act, 29 USC 158, file a strike contingency plan with the commissioner not later than five days before the date indicated for the strike.
- 147 (b) The commissioner may issue a summary order to any nursing 148 home facility, as defined in section 19a-521, as amended by this act, or 149 any residential care home, as defined in section 19a-521, that fails to 150 file a strike contingency plan that complies with the provisions of this 151 section and the regulations adopted by the commissioner pursuant to 152 this section within the specified time period. Such order shall require 153 the nursing home facility or residential care home to immediately file a 154 strike contingency plan that complies with the provisions of this 155 section and the regulations adopted by the commissioner pursuant to 156 this section.
 - (c) Any nursing home facility <u>or residential care home</u> that is in noncompliance with this section shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than ten thousand dollars for each day of noncompliance.
 - (d) (1) If the commissioner determines that a nursing home facility or residential care home is in noncompliance with this section or the regulations adopted pursuant to this section, for which a civil penalty is authorized by subsection (c) of this section, the commissioner may send to an authorized officer or agent of the nursing home facility or residential care home, by certified mail, return receipt requested, or personally serve upon such officer or agent, a notice that includes: (1) A reference to this section or the section or sections of the regulations

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involved; (2) a short and plain statement of the matters asserted or charged; (3) a statement of the maximum civil penalty that may be imposed for such noncompliance; and (4) a statement of the party's right to request a hearing to contest the imposition of the civil penalty.

- (2) A nursing home facility <u>or residential care home</u> may make written application for a hearing to contest the imposition of a civil penalty pursuant to this section not later than twenty days after the date such notice is mailed or served. All hearings under this section shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54. If a nursing home facility <u>or residential care home</u> fails to request a hearing or fails to appear at the hearing or if, after the hearing, the commissioner finds that the nursing home facility <u>or residential care home</u> is in noncompliance, the commissioner may, in the commissioner's discretion, order that a civil penalty be imposed that is not greater than the penalty stated in the notice. The commissioner shall send a copy of any order issued pursuant to this subsection by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the nursing home facility <u>or</u> residential care home named in such order.
- (e) The commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54: (1) Establishing requirements for a strike contingency plan, which shall include, but not be limited to, a requirement that the plan contain documentation that the institution has arranged for adequate staffing and security, food, pharmaceuticals and other essential supplies and services necessary to meet the needs of the patient population served by the institution in the event of a strike; and (2) for purposes of the imposition of a civil penalty upon a nursing home facility or residential care home pursuant to subsections (c) and (d) of this section.
- (f) Such plan shall be deemed a statement of strategy or negotiation with respect to collective bargaining for the purpose of subdivision (9) of subsection (b) of section 1-210.
- 199 Sec. 507. Subsection (d) of section 19a-498 of the general statutes is

repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 201 1, 2013):

- (d) In addition, when the Commissioner of Social Services deems it necessary, said commissioner, or a designated representative of said commissioner, may examine and audit the financial records of any nursing home facility, as defined in section 19a-521, as amended by this act, any residential care home, as defined in section 19a-521, as amended by this act, or any nursing facility management services certificate holder, as defined in section 19a-561. Each nursing home facility, residential care home and nursing facility management services certificate holder shall retain all financial information, data and records relating to the operation of the nursing home facility or residential care home for a period of not less than ten years, and all financial information, data and records relating to any real estate transactions affecting such operation, for a period of not less than twenty-five years, which financial information, data and records shall be made available, upon request, to the Commissioner of Social Services or such designated representative at all reasonable times. In connection with any inquiry, examination or investigation, the commissioner or the commissioner's designated representative may issue subpoenas, order the production of books, records and documents, administer oaths and take testimony under oath. The Attorney General, upon request of said commissioner or the commissioner's designated representative, may apply to the Superior Court to enforce any such subpoena or order.
- Sec. 508. Subsection (b) of section 19a-502 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1, 2013):
- 228 (b) If any person conducting, managing or operating any nursing 229 home facility, as defined in section 19a-521, <u>as amended by this act</u>, or 230 <u>residential care home</u>, <u>as defined in section 19a-521</u>, <u>as amended by</u> 231 <u>this act</u>, fails to maintain or make available the financial information, 232 data or records required under subsection (d) of section 19a-498, <u>as</u>

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233 <u>amended by this act,</u> such person's license as a nursing home <u>facility or</u>

- 234 <u>residential care home</u> administrator may be revoked or suspended in
- accordance with section 19a-517 or the license of such nursing home
- 236 facility or residential care home may be revoked or suspended in the
- manner provided in section 19a-494, or both.
- Sec. 509. Section 19a-521c of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 239 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
- No nursing home facility, as defined in section 19a-521, as amended
- by this act, or residential care home, as defined in section 19a-521, as
- 242 <u>amended by this act,</u> shall restrict any patient from obtaining
- 243 prescription drugs through a prescription drug program or health plan
- 244 offered by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs. If a
- 245 nursing home facility <u>or residential care home</u> patient obtains
- 246 prescription drugs through a prescription drug program or health plan
- 247 offered by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, the
- 248 nursing home facility or residential care home may require such
- 249 prescription drugs to be dispensed and administered according to [the]
- such facility's or home's policies, provided such policies conform to
- applicable state and federal laws. At the request of a patient, [a nursing
- 252 home] <u>such</u> facility <u>or home</u> shall dispense and administer prescription
- 253 drugs obtained through a prescription drug program or health plan
- 254 operated by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs
- 255 regardless of the form of the drugs' packaging. Nothing in this section
- shall prevent [a nursing home facility] such facility or home from
- dispensing and administering to a patient prescription drugs that are obtained from sources other than a prescription drug program or
- obtained from sources other than a prescription drug program or
- 259 health plan operated by the United States Department of Veterans
- 260 Affairs when the patient requires such drugs before the drugs can be
- obtained from such drug program or health plan.
- Sec. 510. Section 19a-522 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
- 264 (a) The commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with

chapter 54, concerning the health, safety and welfare of patients in nursing home facilities, classification of violations relating to such facilities, medical staff qualifications, record-keeping, nursing service, dietary service, personnel qualifications and general operational conditions. The regulations shall: (1) Assure that each patient admitted to a nursing home facility is protected by adequate immunization against influenza and pneumococcal disease in accordance with the recommendations of the National Advisory Committee Immunization Practices, established by the Secretary of Health and Human Services; (2) specify that each patient be protected annually against influenza and be vaccinated against pneumonia in accordance with the recommendations of the National Advisory Committee on Immunization; and (3) provide appropriate exemptions for patients for whom such immunizations are medically contraindicated and for patients who object to such immunization on religious grounds.

- (b) Nursing home facilities <u>or residential care homes</u> may not charge the family or estate of a deceased self-pay patient beyond the date on which such patient dies. Nursing home facilities <u>or residential care homes</u> shall reimburse the estate of a deceased self-pay patient, within sixty days after the death of such patient, for any advance payments made by or on behalf of the patient covering any period beyond the date of death. Interest, in accordance with subsection (a) of section 37-1, on such reimbursement shall begin to accrue from the date of such patient's death.
- Sec. 511. Section 19a-523 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
 - (a) If, from the results of an inspection and investigation in accordance with section 19a-498, or upon receipt of a report or complaint from the Commissioner of Social Services, pursuant to section 17b-408, and upon such review and further investigation, as the Commissioner of Public Health deems necessary, the Commissioner of Public Health determines that such nursing home facility or residential care home has violated any provision of the Public Health Code

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relating to the operation or maintenance of a nursing home facility <u>or</u> <u>residential care home</u>, the Commissioner of Public Health may, notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 54, request the Attorney General to seek a temporary or permanent injunction and such other relief as may be appropriate to enjoin such nursing home facility <u>or residential care home</u> from continuing such violation or violations. If the court determines such violation or violations exist, it may grant such injunctive relief and such other relief as justice may require and may set a time period within which such nursing home facility <u>or</u> residential care home shall comply with any such order.

- (b) Any appeal taken from any permanent injunction granted under subsection (a) of this section shall not stay the operation of such injunction unless the court is of the opinion that great and irreparable injury will be done by not staying the operation of such injunction.
- Sec. 512. Section 19a-524 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):

If, upon review, investigation or inspection pursuant to section 19a-498, as amended by this act, the Commissioner of Public Health determines that a nursing home facility or residential care home has violated any provision of section 17b-406, 19a-521 to 19a-529, inclusive, as amended by this act, 19a-531 to 19a-551, inclusive, as amended by this act, or 19a-553 to 19a-555, inclusive, as amended by this act, section 19a-491a, 19a-491b, 19a-493a or 19a-528a or any regulation in the Public Health Code or regulation relating to licensure or the Fire Safety Code relating to the operation or maintenance of a nursing home facility or residential care home, which violation has been classified in accordance with section 19a-527, he or she shall immediately issue or cause to be issued a citation to the licensee of such nursing home facility or residential care home. Governmental immunity shall not be a defense to any citation issued or civil penalty imposed pursuant to sections 19a-524 to 19a-528, inclusive, as amended by this act. Each such citation shall be in writing, shall provide notice of the nature and scope of the alleged violation or

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violations and shall be sent by certified mail to the licensee at the

- address of the nursing home facility or residential care home in issue.
- A copy of such citation shall also be sent to the licensed administrator
- at the address of the [facility] <u>nursing home facility or residential care</u>
- 335 <u>home</u>.
- Sec. 513. Section 19a-525 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
- 338 (a) The administrator of the nursing home facility <u>or residential care</u>
- 339 <u>home</u>, or his <u>or her</u> designee, shall, within three days, excluding
- 340 Saturdays, Sundays and holidays, of receipt of the citation by the
- 341 licensee, notify the commissioner if the licensee contests the citation. If
- 342 the administrator fails to so notify the commissioner within such three-
- 343 day period, the citation shall be deemed a final order of the
- commissioner, effective upon the expiration of said period.
- 345 (b) If any administrator of a nursing home facility or residential care
- 346 <u>home</u>, or his <u>or her</u> designee, notifies the commissioner that the
- 347 licensee contests the citation, the commissioner shall provide within
- 348 five days of such notice, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays,
- an informal conference between the licensee and the commissioner. If
- 350 the licensee and commissioner fail to reach an agreement at such
- 351 conference, the commissioner shall set the matter down for a hearing
- as a contested case in accordance with chapter 54, not more than five
- nor less than three days after such conference, with notice of the date of such hearing to the administrator not less than two days before such
- hearing, provided the minimum time requirements may be waived by
- 356 agreement. The commissioner shall, [within] not later than three days,
- 357 excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays, after the conference if
- 358 agreement is reached at such conference, or after the hearing, issue a
- 359 final order, based on findings of fact, affirming, modifying or vacating
- 360 the citation.
- Sec. 514. Section 19a-526 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):

(a) When, in the case of a class A or B violation, a final order becomes effective, the citation, the order, if any, affirming or modifying the citation and the finding shall be filed by the Commissioner of Public Health in the office of the clerk of the superior court for the judicial district of Hartford. Said clerk shall cause said citation, order, if any, and finding to be filed in said court. Upon such filing, the civil penalty imposed may be enforced in the same manner as a judgment of the Superior Court, provided if an appeal is taken in accordance with section 19a-529, as amended by this act, the court or a judge thereof may, in its or his discretion, stay execution of such order.

- (b) Civil penalties imposed pursuant to this section shall be paid not later than fifteen days after the final date by which an appeal may be taken as provided in section 19a-529, as amended by this act, or, if an appeal is taken, not later than fifteen days after the final judgment on such appeal. In the event such fines are not paid, the Commissioner of Public Health shall notify the Commissioner of Social Services who is authorized to immediately withhold from the nursing home's or residential care home's next medical assistance payment, an amount equal to the amount of the civil penalty.
- Sec. 515. Section 19a-527 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
 - Citations issued pursuant to section 19a-524, as amended by this act, shall be classified according to the nature of the violation and shall state such classification and the amount of the civil penalty to be imposed on the face thereof. The Commissioner of Public Health shall, by regulation in accordance with chapter 54, classify violations as follows:
- (a) Class A violations are conditions [which] that the Commissioner of Public Health determines present an immediate danger of death or serious harm to any patient in the nursing home facility or residential care home. For each class A violation, a civil penalty of not more than five thousand dollars may be imposed;

(b) Class B violations are conditions [which] that the Commissioner of Public Health determines present a probability of death or serious harm in the reasonably foreseeable future to any patient in the nursing home facility or residential care home, but [which] that he or she does not find constitute a class A violation. For each such violation, a civil penalty of not more than three thousand dollars may be imposed.

- Sec. 516. Section 19a-528 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
- In imposing the civil penalties [which] <u>that</u> shall become due under sections 19a-524 to 19a-528, inclusive, <u>as amended by this act</u>, the commissioner may consider all factors [which he] <u>that the commissioner</u> deems relevant, including, but not limited to, the following:
- 408 (1) The amount of assessment necessary to insure immediate and 409 continued compliance;
- (2) The character and degree of impact of the violation on the health, safety and welfare of any patient in the nursing home facility or residential care home;
- (3) The conduct of the person against whom the citation is issued in taking all feasible steps or procedures necessary or appropriate to comply or to correct the violation;
- 416 (4) Any prior violations by the nursing home facility <u>or residential</u> 417 <u>care home</u> of statutes, regulations or orders administered, adopted or 418 issued by the Commissioner of Public Health.
- Sec. 517. Section 19a-529 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
- Any person aggrieved by a final order pursuant to sections 19a-524 to 19a-528, inclusive, <u>as amended by this act</u>, may appeal such order to the superior court for the judicial district in which the nursing home

facility or residential care home is situated in accordance with section

- 425 4-183. Such appeal shall have precedence in the order of trial to the
- same extent as provided in section 52-191. This section shall provide
- 427 the exclusive procedure for appealing any such order.
- Sec. 518. Section 19a-531 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
- Any employee of the Department of Public Health or the
- Department of Social Services or any regional ombudsman who gives
- or causes to be given any advance notice to any nursing home facility
- 433 <u>or residential care home</u>, directly or indirectly, that an investigation or
- inspection is under consideration or is impending or gives any
- information regarding any complaint submitted pursuant to section
- 436 17b-408 [,] or 19a-523, as amended by this act, prior to an on-the-scene
- 437 investigation or inspection of such facility, unless specifically
- 438 mandated by federal or state regulations to give advance notice, shall
- 439 be guilty of a class B misdemeanor and may be subject to dismissal,
- suspension or demotion in accordance with chapter 67.
- Sec. 519. Section 19a-532 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
- No nursing home facility <u>or residential care home</u> shall discharge or
- 444 in any manner discriminate or retaliate against any patient in any
- 445 nursing home facility or residential care home, or any relative,
- 446 guardian, conservator or sponsoring agency thereof or against any
- 447 employee of any nursing home facility or residential care home or
- 448 against any other person because such patient, relative, guardian,
- 449 conservator, sponsoring agency, employee or other person has filed
- any complaint or instituted or caused to be instituted any proceeding
- 451 under sections 17b-406, 17b-408, 19a-531 to 19a-534, inclusive, <u>as</u>
- 452 <u>amended by this act,</u> 19a-536 to 19a-539, inclusive, <u>as amended by this</u>
- 453 <u>act,</u> 19a-550, <u>as amended by this act,</u> 19a-553, <u>as amended by this act,</u>
- and 19a-554, or has testified or is about to testify in any such
- 455 proceeding or because of the exercise by such patient, relative,

guardian, conservator, sponsoring agency, employee or other person on behalf of himself, herself or others of any right afforded by said sections. Notwithstanding any other provision of the general statutes, any nursing home facility [which] or residential care home that violates any provision of this section shall be liable to the injured party for treble damages.

Sec. 520. Section 19a-534 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):

If the commissioner determines that there is imminent danger to the health, safety or welfare of any patient in any nursing home facility or residential care home, said commissioner may transfer or cause to be transferred such patient to another nursing home facility, residential care home or hospital, provided the commissioner promptly notifies the spouse, relative, guardian or conservator or sponsoring agency of such patient of the transfer and indicates the nursing home facility, residential care home or hospital to which such patient has been transferred.

Sec. 521. Section 19a-534a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):

If the commissioner finds that the health, safety or welfare of any patient or patients in any nursing home facility or residential care home imperatively requires emergency action and incorporates a finding to that effect in the order, the commissioner may issue a summary order to the holder of a license issued pursuant to section 19a-493 pending completion of any proceedings conducted pursuant to section 19a-494. Such proceedings shall be promptly instituted and determined. The orders [which] that the commissioner may issue shall include, but not be limited to: (1) Revoking or suspending the license; (2) prohibiting the nursing home facility or residential care home from admitting new patients or discharging current patients; (3) limiting the license of a nursing home facility or residential care home in any respect, including reducing the licensed patient capacity; and (4)

compelling compliance with the applicable statutes or regulations administered or adopted by the department.

Sec. 522. Section 19a-538 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):

On or before January 1, 1977, and annually thereafter, the Department of Public Health shall publish a report, available to the public, [which] that shall include, but not be limited to, a list of all nursing home facilities and residential care homes in this state; whether such nursing home facilities and residential care homes are proprietary or nonproprietary; the classification of each such nursing home facility and residential care home; the name of the owner or owners, including the name of any partnership, corporation, trust, individual proprietorship or other legal entity [which] that owns or controls, directly or indirectly, such facility or residential care homes; the total number of beds; the number of private and semiprivate rooms; the religious affiliation, and religious services offered, if any, in the nursing home facility or residential care home; the cost per diem for private patients; the languages spoken by the administrator and staff of such nursing home facility or residential care home; the number of full-time employees and their professions; whether or not such nursing home facility or residential care home accepts Medicare and Medicaid patients; recreational and other programs available and the number and nature of any class A or class B citation issued against such nursing home facility or residential care home in the previous year.

- Sec. 523. Section 19a-541 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
- As used in this section and sections 19a-542 to 19a-549, inclusive, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 517 (1) "Nursing home facility" shall have the same meaning as provided in section 19a-521, as amended by this act;

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(2) "Emergency" means a situation, physical condition or one or more practices, methods or operations which presents imminent danger of death or serious physical or mental harm to residents of a nursing home facility;

- 523 (3) "Transfer trauma" means the medical and psychological 524 reactions to physical transfer that increase the risk of death, or grave 525 illness, or both, in elderly persons; [and]
- 526 (4) "Substantial violation" means a violation of law [which] <u>that</u> 527 presents a reasonable likelihood of serious physical or mental harm to 528 residents of a nursing home facility [.] <u>or residential care home; and</u>
- 529 (5) "Residential care home" shall have the same meaning as 530 provided in section 19a-521, as amended by this act.
- Sec. 524. Section 19a-542 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
 - (a) An application to appoint a receiver for a nursing home facility or residential care home may be filed in the Superior Court by the Commissioner of Social Services, the Commissioner of Public Health or the director of the Office of Protection and Advocacy for Persons with Disabilities. A resident of [a facility] such facility or home, or such resident's legally liable relative, conservator or guardian may file a written complaint with the Commissioner of Public Health specifying conditions at [the] such facility [which] or home that warrant an application to appoint a receiver. If the Commissioner of Public Health fails to resolve such complaint [within] not later than forty-five days [of] after its receipt or, in the case of a nursing home facility [which] or residential care home that intends to close, [within] not later than seven days [of] after its receipt, the person who filed the complaint may file an application in the Superior Court for the appointment of a receiver for such facility or home. Said court shall immediately notify the Attorney General of such application. The court shall hold a hearing not later than ten days after the date the application is filed.

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Notice of such hearing shall be given to the owner of such facility or

- residential care home, or such owner's agent for service of process, not
- less than five days prior to such hearing. Such notice shall be posted by
- 553 the court in a conspicuous place inside such facility for not less than
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- (b) A resident of a <u>nursing home</u> facility <u>or residential care home</u> for which an application to appoint a receiver has been filed or such resident's legally liable relative, conservator or guardian may appear
- as a party to the proceedings.
 - (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section the court may appoint a receiver upon an ex parte motion when affidavits, testimony or any other evidence presented indicates that there is a reasonable likelihood an emergency exists in such facility or home which must be remedied immediately to insure the health, safety and welfare of the patients of such facility or home. Notice of the application and order shall be served on the owner or [his] or the owner's agent for service of process and shall be posted in a conspicuous place inside [the] such facility or home not later than twenty-four hours after issuance of such order. A hearing on the application shall be held not later than five days after the issuance of such order unless the owner consents to a later date.
- Sec. 525. Section 19a-543 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
 - The court shall grant an application for the appointment of a receiver for a nursing home facility <u>or residential care home</u> upon a finding of any of the following: (1) Such facility <u>or home</u> is operating without a license issued pursuant to this chapter or such facility's <u>or home's</u> license has been suspended or revoked pursuant to section 19a-494; (2) such facility <u>or home</u> intends to close and adequate arrangements for relocation of its residents have not been made at least thirty days prior to closing; (3) such facility <u>or home</u> has sustained a serious financial loss or failure which jeopardizes the health, safety and

welfare of the patients or there is a reasonable likelihood of such loss or failure; or (4) there exists in such facility a condition in substantial violation of the Public Health Code, or any other applicable state statutes, or Title XVIII or XIX of the federal Social Security Act, 42 USC 301, as amended, or any regulation adopted pursuant to such state or federal laws.

Sec. 526. Section 19a-544 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):

It shall be a sufficient defense to a receivership application if any owner of a nursing home facility <u>or residential care home</u> establishes that, (1) [he] <u>the owner</u> did not have knowledge or could not reasonably have known that any conditions in violation of section 19a-543 existed, or (2) [he] <u>the owner</u> did not have a reasonable time in which to correct such violations, or (3) the violations listed in the application do not, in fact, exist or, in the event the grounds upon which the petition is based are those set forth in subdivision (2) of section 19a-543, <u>as amended by this act,</u> [the] <u>such</u> facility <u>or home</u> does not intend to close.

- Sec. 527. Subsection (a) of section 19a-545 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1, 2013):
 - (a) A receiver appointed pursuant to the provisions of sections 19a-541 to 19a-549, inclusive, as amended by this act, in operating [such] a nursing home facility or residential care home, shall have the same powers as a receiver of a corporation under section 52-507, except as provided in subsection (c) of this section and shall exercise such powers to remedy the conditions [which] that constituted grounds for the imposition of receivership, assure adequate health care for the residents and preserve the assets and property of the owner. If [a] such facility or home is placed in receivership it shall be the duty of the receiver to notify each resident and each resident's guardian or conservator, if any, or legally liable relative or other responsible party,

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if known. Such receiver may correct or eliminate any deficiency in the structure or furnishings of [the] such facility or home [which] that endangers the safety or health of the residents while they remain in [the] such facility or home, provided the total cost of correction does not exceed three thousand dollars. The court may order expenditures for this purpose in excess of three thousand dollars on application from such receiver. If any resident is transferred or discharged such receiver shall provide for: (1) Transportation of the resident and such resident's belongings and medical records to the place where such resident is being transferred or discharged; (2) aid in locating an alternative placement and discharge planning in accordance with section 19a-535; (3) preparation for transfer to mitigate transfer trauma, including but not limited to, participation by the resident or the resident's guardian in the selection of the resident's alternative placement, explanation of alternative placements and orientation concerning the placement chosen by the resident or the resident's guardian; and (4) custodial care of all property or assets of residents [which] that are in the possession of an owner of [the] such facility or home. The receiver shall preserve all property, assets and records of residents [which] that the receiver has custody of and shall provide for the prompt transfer of the property, assets and records to the alternative placement of any transferred resident. In no event may the receiver transfer all residents and close [a] such facility or home without a court order and without complying with the notice and discharge plan requirements for each resident in accordance with section 19a-535.

Sec. 528. Subsection (a) of section 19a-546 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1, 2013):

(a) A receiver may not be required to honor any lease, mortgage, secured transaction or other contract entered into by the owner of [the] a nursing home facility or residential care home if, upon application to the Superior Court, said court determines that: (1) The person seeking

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payment under the agreement was an owner or controlling stockholder of [the] <u>such</u> facility <u>or home</u> or was an affiliate of such owner or controlling stockholder at the time the agreement was made; or (2) the rental, price or rate of interest required to be paid under the agreement was substantially in excess of a reasonable rental, price or rate of interest at the time the contract was entered into.

Sec. 529. Section 19a-547 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):

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- 655 (a) The court may appoint any responsible individual whose name 656 is proposed by the Commissioner of Public Health and the 657 Commissioner of Social Services to act as a receiver. [Such] For a 658 nursing home facility, such individual shall be a nursing home facility 659 administrator licensed in the state of Connecticut with substantial 660 experience in operating Connecticut nursing homes. [On or before July 1, 2004, the For a residential care home, such individual shall have 661 662 experience as a residential care home administrator or, if there is no 663 such individual, such individual shall have experience in the state similar to that of a residential care home administrator. The 664 665 Commissioner of Social Services shall adopt regulations governing 666 qualifications for proposed receivers consistent with this subsection. 667 No state employee or owner, administrator or other person with a 668 financial interest in the [facility] nursing home facility or residential 669 care home may serve as a receiver for that [facility] nursing home 670 facility or residential care home. No person appointed to act as a 671 receiver shall be permitted to have a current financial interest in the 672 [facility] <u>nursing home facility or residential care home</u>; nor shall such 673 person appointed as a receiver be permitted to have a financial interest 674 in the [facility] <u>nursing home facility or residential care home</u> for a 675 period of five years from the date the receivership ceases.
 - (b) The court may remove such receiver in accordance with section 52-513. A nursing home <u>facility or residential care home</u> receiver appointed pursuant to this section shall be entitled to a reasonable receiver's fee as determined by the court. The receiver shall be liable

only in [his] the receiver's official capacity for injury to person and property by reason of the conditions of the nursing home [. He] facility or residential care home. The receiver shall not be personally liable, except for acts or omissions constituting gross, wilful or wanton negligence.

- (c) The court, in its discretion, may require a bond of such receiver in accordance with section 52-506.
- 687 (d) The court may require the Commissioner of Public Health to 688 provide for the payment of any receiver's fees authorized in subsection 689 (a) of this section upon a showing by such receiver to the satisfaction of 690 the court that (1) the assets of the nursing home facility or residential 691 <u>care home</u> are not sufficient to make such payment, and (2) no other 692 source of payment is available, including the submission of claims in a 693 bankruptcy proceeding. The state shall have a claim for any court-694 ordered fees and expenses of the receiver [which] that shall have 695 priority over all other claims of secured and unsecured creditors and 696 other persons whether or not [the] such nursing home facility or 697 residential care home is in bankruptcy, to the extent allowed under 698 state or federal law.
- Sec. 530. Section 19a-548 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
 - Each receiver shall, during the first week in January, April, July and October in each year, sign, swear to and file with the clerk of the court by which [he] the receiver was appointed a full and detailed account of his or her doings as such receiver for the three months next preceding, together with a statement of all court orders passed during such three months and the present condition and prospects of the nursing home facility or residential care home in [his] the receiver's charge, and cause a motion for a hearing and approval of the same to be placed on the short calendar.
- Sec. 531. Section 19a-549 of the general statutes is repealed and the

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711 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):

The Superior Court, upon a motion by the receiver or the owner of [such] the nursing home facility or residential care home, may terminate the receivership if it finds that such facility or home has been rehabilitated so that the violations complained of no longer exist or if such receivership was instituted pursuant to subdivision (2) of section 19a-543, as amended by this act, the orderly transfer of the patients has been completed and such facility or home is ready to be closed. Upon such finding, the court may terminate the receivership and return such facility or home to its owner. In its termination order the court may include such terms as it deems necessary to prevent the conditions complained of from recurring.

- Sec. 532. Section 19a-550 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
- (a) (1) As used in this section, (A) "nursing home facility" shall have the same meaning as provided in section 19a-521, as amended by this act, [and] (B) "residential care home" shall have the same meaning as provided in section 19a-521, as amended by this act, and (C) "chronic disease hospital" means a long-term hospital having facilities, medical staff and all necessary personnel for the diagnosis, care and treatment of chronic diseases; and (2) for the purposes of subsections (c) and (d) of this section, and subsection (b) of section 19a-537, "medically contraindicated" means a comprehensive evaluation of the impact of a potential room transfer on the patient's physical, mental and psychosocial well-being, which determines that the transfer would cause new symptoms or exacerbate present symptoms beyond a reasonable adjustment period resulting in a prolonged or significant negative outcome that could not be ameliorated through care plan intervention, as documented by a physician in a patient's medical record.
- 741 (b) There is established a patients' bill of rights for any person 742 admitted as a patient to any nursing home facility, residential care

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home or chronic disease hospital. The patients' bill of rights shall be implemented in accordance with the provisions of Sections 1919(b), 1919(c), 1919(c)(2), 1919(c)(2)(D) and 1919(c)(2)(E) of the Social Security Act. The patients' bill of rights shall provide that each such patient: (1) fully informed, as evidenced by the patient's written acknowledgment, prior to or at the time of admission and during the patient's stay, of the rights set forth in this section and of all rules and regulations governing patient conduct and responsibilities; (2) is fully informed, prior to or at the time of admission and during the patient's stay, of services available in [the] such facility or chronic disease hospital, and of related charges including any charges for services not covered under Titles XVIII or XIX of the Social Security Act, or not covered by basic per diem rate; (3) in such facility or hospital is entitled to choose the patient's own physician and is fully informed, by a physician, of the patient's medical condition unless medically contraindicated, as documented by the physician in the patient's medical record, and is afforded the opportunity to participate in the planning of the patient's medical treatment and to refuse to participate in experimental research; (4) in a residential care home or a chronic disease hospital is transferred from one room to another within [the facility] such home or chronic disease hospital only for medical reasons, or for the patient's welfare or that of other patients, as documented in the patient's medical record and such record shall include documentation of action taken to minimize any disruptive effects of such transfer, except a patient who is a Medicaid recipient may be transferred from a private room to a nonprivate room, provided no patient may be involuntarily transferred from one room to another within [the facility] such home or chronic disease hospital if (A) it is medically established that the move will subject the patient to a reasonable likelihood of serious physical injury or harm, or (B) the patient has a prior established medical history of psychiatric problems and there is psychiatric testimony that as a consequence of the proposed move there will be exacerbation of the psychiatric problem [which] that would last over a significant period of time and require psychiatric intervention; and in the case of an involuntary transfer

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from one room to another within [the facility] such home or chronic disease hospital, the patient and, if known, the patient's legally liable relative, guardian or conservator or a person designated by the patient in accordance with section 1-56r, is given [at least] not less than thirty days' and [no] not more than sixty days' written notice to ensure orderly transfer from one room to another within [the facility] such home or chronic disease hospital, except where the health, safety or welfare of other patients is endangered or where immediate transfer from one room to another within [the facility] such home or chronic disease hospital is necessitated by urgent medical need of the patient or where a patient has resided in [the facility] such home or chronic disease hospital for less than thirty days, in which case notice shall be given as many days before the transfer as practicable; (5) is encouraged and assisted, throughout the patient's period of stay, to exercise the patient's rights as a patient and as a citizen, and to this end, has the right to be fully informed about patients' rights by state or federally funded patient advocacy programs, and may voice grievances and recommend changes in policies and services to nursing home facility, residential care home or chronic disease hospital staff or to outside representatives of the patient's choice, free from restraint, interference, coercion, discrimination or reprisal; (6) shall have prompt efforts made by [the facility] such nursing home facility, residential care home or chronic disease hospital to resolve grievances the patient may have, including those with respect to the behavior of other patients; (7) may manage the patient's personal financial affairs, and is given a quarterly accounting of financial transactions made on the patient's behalf; (8) is free from mental and physical abuse, corporal punishment, involuntary seclusion and any physical or chemical restraints imposed for purposes of discipline or convenience and not required to treat the patient's medical symptoms. Physical or chemical restraints may be imposed only to ensure the physical safety of the patient or other patients and only upon the written order of a physician that specifies the type of restraint and the duration and circumstances under which the restraints are to be used, except in emergencies until a specific order can be obtained; (9) is assured confidential treatment of the

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patient's personal and medical records, and may approve or refuse their release to any individual outside the facility, except in case of the patient's transfer to another health care institution or as required by law or third-party payment contract; (10) receives quality care and services with reasonable accommodation of individual needs and preferences, except where the health or safety of the individual would be endangered, and is treated with consideration, respect, and full recognition of the patient's dignity and individuality, including privacy in treatment and in care for the patient's personal needs; (11) is not required to perform services for the nursing home facility, residential care home or chronic disease hospital that are not included for therapeutic purposes in the patient's plan of care; (12) may associate and communicate privately with persons of the patient's choice, including other patients, send and receive the patient's personal mail unopened and make and receive telephone calls privately, unless medically contraindicated, as documented by the patient's physician in the patient's medical record, and receives adequate notice before the patient's room or roommate in [the] such facility, home or chronic disease hospital is changed; (13) is entitled to organize and participate in patient groups in [the] such facility, home or chronic disease hospital and to participate in social, religious and community activities that do not interfere with the rights of other patients, unless medically contraindicated, as documented by the patient's physician in the patient's medical records; (14) may retain and use the patient's personal clothing and possessions unless to do so would infringe upon rights of other patients or unless medically contraindicated, as documented by the patient's physician in the patient's medical record; (15) is assured privacy for visits by the patient's spouse or a person designated by the patient in accordance with section 1-56r and, if the patient is married and both the patient and the patient's spouse are inpatients in the facility, they are permitted to share a room, unless medically contraindicated, as documented by the attending physician in the medical record; (16) is fully informed of the availability of and may examine all current state, local and federal inspection reports and plans of correction; (17) may

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organize, maintain and participate in a patient-run resident council, as a means of fostering communication among residents and between residents and staff, encouraging resident independence and addressing the basic rights of nursing home facility, residential care home and chronic disease hospital patients and residents, free from administrative interference or reprisal; (18) is entitled to the opinion of two physicians concerning the need for surgery, except in an emergency situation, prior to such surgery being performed; (19) is entitled to have the patient's family or a person designated by the patient in accordance with section 1-56r meet in [the] such facility, residential care home or chronic disease hospital with the families of other patients in the facility to the extent [the] such facility, residential care home or chronic disease hospital has existing meeting space available [which] that meets applicable building and fire codes; (20) is entitled to file a complaint with the Department of Social Services and the Department of Public Health regarding patient abuse, neglect or misappropriation of patient property; (21) is entitled to have psychopharmacologic drugs administered only on orders of a physician and only as part of a written plan of care developed in accordance with Section 1919(b)(2) of the Social Security Act and designed to eliminate or modify the symptoms for which the drugs are prescribed and only if, at least annually, an independent external consultant reviews the appropriateness of the drug plan; (22) is entitled to be transferred or discharged from the facility only pursuant to section 19a-535, 19a-535a or [section] 19a-535b, as applicable; (23) is entitled to be treated equally with other patients with regard to transfer, discharge and the provision of all services regardless of the source of payment; (24) shall not be required to waive any rights to benefits under Medicare or Medicaid or to give oral or written assurance that the patient is not eligible for, or will not apply for benefits under Medicare or Medicaid; (25) is entitled to be provided information by the nursing home facility or chronic disease hospital as to how to apply for Medicare or Medicaid benefits and how to receive refunds for previous payments covered by such benefits; (26) on or after October 1, 1990, shall not be required to give a third-party

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guarantee of payment to the facility as a condition of admission to, or continued stay in, [the] <u>such</u> facility; (27) is entitled to have [the] <u>such</u> facility not charge, solicit, accept or receive any gift, money, donation, third-party guarantee or other consideration as a precondition of admission or expediting the admission of the individual to [the] <u>such</u> facility or as a requirement for the individual's continued stay in [the] <u>such</u> facility; and (28) shall not be required to deposit the patient's personal funds in [the] <u>such</u> facility, home or chronic disease hospital.

(c) The patients' bill of rights shall provide that a patient in a rest home with nursing supervision or a chronic and convalescent nursing home may be transferred from one room to another within [a facility] such home only for the purpose of promoting the patient's well-being, except as provided pursuant to subparagraph (C) or (D) of this subsection or subsection (d) of this section. Whenever a patient is to be transferred, [the facility] such home shall effect the transfer with the least disruption to the patient and shall assess, monitor and adjust care as needed subsequent to the transfer in accordance with subdivision (10) of subsection (b) of this section. When a transfer is initiated by [the facility] such home and the patient does not consent to the transfer, [the facility] such home shall establish a consultative process that includes the participation of the attending physician, a registered nurse with responsibility for the patient and other appropriate staff in disciplines as determined by the patient's needs, and the participation of the patient, the patient's family, a person designated by the patient in accordance with section 1-56r or other representative. The consultative process shall determine: (1) What caused consideration of the transfer; (2) whether the cause can be removed; and (3) if not, whether [the facility] such home has attempted alternatives to transfer. The patient shall be informed of the risks and benefits of the transfer and of any alternatives. If subsequent to the completion of the consultative process a patient still does not wish to be transferred, the patient may be transferred without the patient's consent, unless medically contraindicated, only (A) if necessary to accomplish physical plant repairs or renovations that otherwise could not be accomplished;

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provided, if practicable, the patient, if the patient wishes, shall be returned to the patient's room when the repairs or renovations are completed; (B) due to irreconcilable incompatibility between or among roommates, which is actually or potentially harmful to the well-being of a patient; (C) if [the facility] <u>such home</u> has two vacancies available for patients of the same sex in different rooms, there is no applicant of that sex pending admission in accordance with the requirements of section 19a-533 and grouping of patients by the same sex in the same room would allow admission of patients of the opposite sex, [which] that otherwise would not be possible; (D) if necessary to allow access to specialized medical equipment no longer needed by the patient and needed by another patient; or (E) if the patient no longer needs the specialized services or programming that is the focus of the area of [the facility] such home in which the patient is located. In the case of an involuntary transfer, [the facility] such home shall, subsequent to completion of the consultative process, provide the patient and the patient's legally liable relative, guardian or conservator if any or other responsible party if known, with at least fifteen days' written notice of the transfer, which shall include the reason for the transfer, the location to which the patient is being transferred, and the name, address and telephone number of the regional long-term care ombudsman, except that in the case of a transfer pursuant to subparagraph (A) of this subsection at least thirty days' notice shall be provided. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, a patient may be involuntarily transferred immediately from one room to another within [a facility] <u>such home</u> to protect the patient or others from physical harm, to control the spread of an infectious disease, to respond to a physical plant or environmental emergency that threatens the patient's health or safety or to respond to a situation that presents a patient with an immediate danger of death or serious physical harm. In such a case, disruption of patients shall be minimized; the required notice shall be provided [within] not later than twenty-four hours after the transfer; if practicable, the patient, if the patient wishes, shall be returned to the patient's room when the threat to health or safety [which] that prompted the transfer has been eliminated; and, in the

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case of a transfer effected to protect a patient or others from physical harm, the consultative process shall be established on the next business day.

- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, unless medically contraindicated, a patient who is a Medicaid recipient may be transferred from a private to a nonprivate room. In the case of such a transfer, the nursing home facility shall (1) give [at least] not less than thirty days' written notice to the patient and the patient's legally liable relative, guardian or conservator, if any, a person designated by the patient in accordance with section 1-56r or other responsible party, if known, which notice shall include the reason for the transfer, the location to which the patient is being transferred and the name, address and telephone number of the regional long-term care ombudsman; and (2) establish a consultative process to effect the transfer with the least disruption to the patient and assess, monitor and adjust care as needed subsequent to the transfer in accordance with subdivision (10) of subsection (b) of this section. The consultative process shall include the participation of the attending physician, a registered nurse with responsibility for the patient and other appropriate staff in disciplines as determined by the patient's needs, and the participation of the patient, the patient's family, a person designated by the patient in accordance with section 1-56r or other representative.
- (e) Any <u>nursing home</u> facility, <u>residential care home or chronic disease hospital</u> that negligently deprives a patient of any right or benefit created or established for the well-being of the patient by the provisions of this section shall be liable to such patient in a private cause of action for injuries suffered as a result of such deprivation. Upon a finding that a patient has been deprived of such a right or benefit, and that the patient has been injured as a result of such deprivation, damages shall be assessed in the amount sufficient to compensate such patient for such injury. The rights or benefits specified in subsections (b) to (d), inclusive, of this section may not be

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985 reduced, rescinded or abrogated by contract. In addition, where the 986 deprivation of any such right or benefit is found to have been wilful or 987 in reckless disregard of the rights of the patient, punitive damages may 988 be assessed. A patient may also maintain an action pursuant to this 989 section for any other type of relief, including injunctive and 990 declaratory relief, permitted by law. Exhaustion of any available 991 administrative remedies shall not be required prior to commencement 992 of suit under this section.

(f) In addition to the rights specified in subsections (b), (c) and (d) of this section, a patient in a nursing home facility is entitled to have the facility manage the patient's funds as provided in section 19a-551, as amended by this act.

Sec. 533. Section 19a-551 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):

Each nursing home facility shall: (1) On or before the admission of each patient provide such patient or such patient's legally liable relative, guardian or conservator with a written statement explaining such patient's rights regarding the patient's personal funds and listing the charges [which] that may be deducted from such funds. Such statement shall explain that the nursing home facility shall on and after October 1, 1992, pay interest at a rate not less than four per cent per annum and on and after October 1, 1994, pay interest at a rate not less than five and one-half per cent per annum on any security deposit or other advance payment required of such patient prior to admission to the nursing home facility. In the case of patients receiving benefits under Title XVIII or XIX of the federal Social Security Act the statement shall include a list of charges not covered by said titles and not covered by the basic per diem rate provided by said titles. Upon delivery of such statement the person in charge of the nursing home facility shall obtain a signed receipt acknowledging such delivery; (2) upon written consent or request of the patient or the patient's legally liable relative, guardian or conservator, manage such patient's personal funds, provided such consent by a patient shall not be

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effective unless cosigned by the patient's legally liable relative or guardian if such patient has been determined by a physician to be mentally incapable of understanding and no conservator has been appointed. As manager of such personal funds the nursing home facility shall: (A) Either maintain separate accounts for each patient or maintain an aggregate trust account for patients' funds to prevent commingling the personal funds of patients with the funds of [the] such facility. [The] Such facility shall notify in writing each patient receiving Medicaid assistance or such patient's legally liable relative, guardian or conservator when the amount in the patient's account reaches two hundred dollars less than the dollar amount determined under the Medicaid program as the maximum for eligibility under the program and advise the patient or such patient's legally liable relative, guardian or conservator that if the amount in the account plus the value of the patient's other nonexempt resources reaches the maximum the patient may lose his or her Medicaid eligibility; (B) obtain signed receipts for each expenditure from each patient's personal funds; (C) maintain an individual itemized record of income and expenditures for each patient, including quarterly accountings; and (D) permit the patient or the patient's legally liable relative, guardian or conservator, and the regional long-term care ombudsman, and representatives from the Departments of Social Services and Public Health, access to such record; and (3) (A) refund any overpayment or deposit from a former patient or such patient's legally liable relative, guardian or conservator [within] not later than thirty days [of] after the patient's discharge and (B) refund any deposit from an individual planning to be admitted to [the] such facility [within] not later than thirty days of receipt of written notification that the individual is no longer planning to be admitted. A refund issued after thirty days shall include interest at a rate of ten per cent per annum. For the purposes of this section "deposit" shall include liquidated damages under any contract for pending admission.

Sec. 534. Subsection (a) of section 20-101a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*

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1053 (a) A registered nurse, licensed under this chapter, in charge in a 1054 hospice, [or] nursing home facility, as defined in section 19a-521, as 1055 amended by this act, residential care home, as defined in section 19a-1056 521, as amended by this act, or a registered nurse, licensed under this 1057 chapter or a registered nurse employed by a home health care agency 1058 licensed by the state of Connecticut, in a home or residence may make 1059 the actual determination and pronouncement of death of a patient 1060 provided that the following conditions are satisfied: (1) The death is an anticipated death; (2) the registered nurse attests to such 1061 1062 pronouncement on the certificate of death; and (3) the registered nurse, 1063 an advanced practice registered nurse licensed under this chapter, or a 1064 physician licensed under chapter 370 certifies the death and signs the 1065 certificate of death [no] not later than twenty-four hours after the 1066 pronouncement.

Sec. 535. Subsection (a) of section 45a-644 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1069 1, 2013):

(a) "Conservator of the estate" means a person, a municipal or state official, or a private profit or nonprofit corporation except a hospital, [or] nursing home facility, as defined in section 19a-521, as amended by this act, or residential care home, as defined in section 19a-521, as amended by this act, appointed by the Court of Probate under the provisions of sections 45a-644 to 45a-663, inclusive, as amended by this act, to supervise the financial affairs of a person found to be incapable of managing his or her own affairs or of a person who voluntarily asks the Court of Probate for the appointment of a conservator of the estate, and includes a temporary conservator of the estate appointed under the provisions of section 45a-654.

Sec. 536. Subsection (a) of section 45a-669 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1, 2013):

1084 (a) "Plenary guardian of a person with intellectual disability" means 1085 a person, legally authorized state official, or private nonprofit 1086 corporation, except a hospital, [or] nursing home facility, as defined in 1087 section 19a-521, as amended by this act, or residential care home, as 1088 defined in section 19a-521, as amended by this act, appointed by a 1089 court of probate pursuant to the provisions of sections 45a-669 to 45a-1090 684, inclusive, as amended by this act, to supervise all aspects of the 1091 care of an adult person, as enumerated in subsection (d) of section 45a-1092 677, for the benefit of such adult, who by reason of the severity of his 1093 or her intellectual disability, has been determined to be totally unable to meet essential requirements for his physical health or safety and 1094 1095 totally unable to make informed decisions about matters related to his 1096 or her care.

- Sec. 537. Subdivision (6) of section 46a-11a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1, 2013):
- 1100 (6) "Facility" means any public or private hospital, nursing home 1101 facility, <u>residential care home</u>, training school, regional facility, group 1102 home, community companion home, school or other program serving 1103 persons with intellectual disability;
- Sec. 538. Section 19a-524 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2013*):

1106 If, upon review, investigation or inspection pursuant to section 19a-1107 498, the Commissioner of Public Health determines that a nursing 1108 home facility has violated any provision of section 17b-406, 19a-521 to 1109 19a-529, inclusive, as amended by this act, 19a-531 to 19a-551, 1110 inclusive, as amended by this act, or 19a-553 to 19a-555, inclusive, 1111 section 19a-491a, 19a-491b, as amended by this act, 19a-491c, 19a-493a 1112 or 19a-528a or any regulation in the Public Health Code or regulation 1113 relating to licensure or the Fire Safety Code relating to the operation or 1114 maintenance of a nursing home facility, which violation has been 1115 classified in accordance with section 19a-527, as amended by this act,

1116 he shall immediately issue or cause to be issued a citation to the 1117 licensee of such nursing home facility. Governmental immunity shall 1118 not be a defense to any citation issued or civil penalty imposed 1119 pursuant to sections 19a-524 to 19a-528, inclusive, as amended by this 1120 act. Each such citation shall be in writing, shall provide notice of the 1121 nature and scope of the alleged violation or violations and shall be sent 1122 by certified mail to the licensee at the address of the nursing home 1123 facility in issue. A copy of such citation shall also be sent to the 1124 licensed administrator at the address of the facility.

Sec. 539. Subsection (b) of section 22a-403 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1*, 2013):

(b) The commissioner or [his] the commissioner's representative, engineer or consultant shall determine the impact of the construction work on the environment, on the safety of persons and property and on the inland wetlands and watercourses of the state in accordance with the provisions of sections 22a-36 to 22a-45, inclusive, and shall further determine the need for a fishway in accordance with the provisions of section 26-136, and shall examine the documents and inspect the site, and, upon approval thereof, the commissioner shall issue a permit authorizing the proposed construction work under such conditions as the commissioner may direct. The commissioner shall send a copy of the permit to the town clerk in any municipality in which the structure is located or any municipality which will be affected by the structure. An applicant for a permit issued under this section to construct a dam for a public drinking water supply shall notify the Commissioner of Public Health of such application. An applicant for a permit issued under this section to alter, rebuild, repair or remove an existing dam shall not be required to obtain a permit under sections 22a-36 to 22a-45a, inclusive, or section 22a-342 or 22a-368. An applicant for a permit issued under this section to construct a new dam shall not be required to obtain a permit under sections 22a-36 to 22a-45a, inclusive, for such construction.

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Sec. 540. Section 52-1460 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2013*):

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- (a) Except as provided in sections 52-146c to 52-146j, inclusive, sections 52-146p, 52-146q and 52-146s, and subsection (b) of this section, in any civil action or any proceeding preliminary thereto or in any probate, legislative or administrative proceeding, a physician or surgeon, [as defined in subsection (b) of section 20-7b] licensed pursuant to section 20-9, as amended by this act, or other licensed health care provider, shall not disclose (1) any communication made to him or her by, or any information obtained by him or her from, a patient or the conservator or guardian of a patient with respect to any actual or supposed physical or mental disease or disorder, or (2) any information obtained by personal examination of a patient, unless the patient or [his] that patient's authorized representative explicitly consents to such disclosure.
- (b) Consent of the patient or [his] the patient's authorized representative shall not be required for the disclosure of such communication or information (1) pursuant to any statute or regulation of any state agency or the rules of court, (2) by a physician, surgeon or other licensed health care provider against whom a claim has been made, or there is a reasonable belief will be made, in such action or proceeding, to [his] the physician's, surgeon's or other licensed health care provider's attorney or professional liability insurer or such insurer's agent for use in the defense of such action or proceeding, (3) to the Commissioner of Public Health for records of a patient of a physician, surgeon or health care provider in connection with an investigation of a complaint, if such records are related to the complaint, or (4) if child abuse, abuse of an elderly individual, abuse of an individual who is physically disabled or incompetent or abuse of an individual with intellectual disability is known or in good faith suspected.
- Sec. 541. Section 10a-22b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):

(a) No person, board, association, partnership, corporation, limited liability company or other entity shall offer instruction in any form or manner in any trade or in any industrial, commercial, service, professional or other occupation unless such person, board, association, partnership, corporation, limited liability company or other entity first receives from the executive director a certificate authorizing the occupational instruction to be offered.

- (b) Except for initial authorizations, the executive director shall accept institutional accreditation by an accrediting agency recognized by the United States Department of Education, in satisfaction of the requirements of this section and section 10a-22d, including the evaluation and attendance requirement, unless the executive director finds reasonable cause not to rely upon such accreditation.
- (c) Each person, board, association, partnership, corporation, limited liability company or other entity which seeks to offer occupational instruction shall submit to the executive director, or the executive director's designee, in such manner as the executive director, or the executive director's designee, prescribes, an application for a certificate of authorization which includes, but need not be limited to, (1) the proposed name of the school; (2) ownership and organization of the school including the names and addresses of all principals, officers, members and directors; (3) names and addresses of all stockholders of the school, except for applicants which are listed on a national securities exchange; (4) addresses of any building or premises on which the school will be located; (5) description of the occupational instruction to be offered; (6) the proposed student enrollment agreement, which includes for each program of occupational instruction offered a description, in plain language, of any requirements for employment in such occupation or barriers to such employment pursuant to state law or regulations; (7) the proposed school catalog, which includes for each program of occupational instruction offered a description of any requirements for employment in such occupation or barriers to such employment pursuant to state

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law or regulations; (8) financial statements detailing the financial condition of the school pursuant to subsection (d) of this section and subsection (g) of section 10a-22d prepared by management and reviewed or audited by an independent licensed certified public accountant or independent licensed public accountant; and (9) an agent for service of process. Each application for initial authorization shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable application fee made payable to the private occupational school student protection account in the amount of two thousand dollars for the private occupational school and two hundred dollars for each branch of a private occupational school in this state.

- (d) Each person, board, association, partnership, corporation, limited liability company or other entity seeking to offer occupational instruction shall have a net worth consisting of sufficient liquid assets or produce other evidence of fiscal soundness to demonstrate the ability of the proposed private occupational school to operate, achieve all of its objectives and meet all of its obligations, including those concerning staff and students, during the period of time for which the authorization is sought.
- (e) Upon receipt of a complete application pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, the executive director shall cause to be conducted an evaluation of the applicant school. Thereafter, the executive director shall advise the applicant of authorization or nonauthorization not later than one hundred twenty days following the completed appointment of an evaluation team pursuant to subsection (e) of this section. The executive director may consult with the Labor Department and may request the advice of any other state agency which may be of assistance in making a determination. In the event of nonauthorization by the executive director, he shall set forth the reasons therefor in writing and the applicant school may request in writing a hearing before the executive director. Such hearing shall be held in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54.
 - (f) For purposes of an evaluation of an applicant school, the

executive director, or the executive director's designee, shall appoint an evaluation team which shall include (1) at least two members representing the Office of Higher Education, and (2) at least one member for each of the areas of occupational instruction for which authorization is sought who shall be experienced in such occupation. The applicant school shall have the right to challenge any proposed member of the evaluation team for good cause shown. A written challenge shall be filed with the executive director within ten business days following the appointment of such evaluation team. In the event of a challenge, a decision shall be made thereon by the executive director within ten business days from the date such challenge is filed, and if the challenge is upheld the executive director shall appoint a replacement. Employees of the state or any political subdivision of the state may be members of evaluation teams. The executive director, or the executive director's designee, shall not appoint any person to an evaluation team unless the executive director, or such designee, has received from such person a statement that the person has no interest which is in conflict with the proper discharge of the duties of evaluation team members as described in this section. The statement shall be on a form prescribed by the executive director and shall be signed under penalty of false statement. Members of the evaluation team shall serve without compensation. Except for any member of the evaluation team who is a state employee, members shall be reimbursed for actual expenses, which expenses shall be charged to and paid by the applicant school.

(g) The evaluation team appointed pursuant to subsection (f) of this section shall: (1) Conduct an on-site inspection; (2) submit a written report outlining any evidence of noncompliance; (3) give the school sixty days from the date of the report to provide evidence of compliance; and (4) submit to the executive director a written report recommending authorization or nonauthorization not later than one hundred twenty days after the on-site inspection. The evaluation team shall determine whether (A) the quality and content of each course or program of instruction, including, but not limited to, residential, on-

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line, home study and correspondence, training or study shall reasonably and adequately achieve the stated objective for which such course or program is offered; (B) the school has adequate space, equipment, instructional materials and personnel for the instruction offered; (C) the qualifications of directors, administrators, supervisors and instructors shall reasonably and adequately assure that students receive education consistent with the stated objectives for which a course or program is offered; (D) students and other interested persons shall be provided with a catalog or similar publication describing the courses and programs offered, course and program objectives, length of courses and programs, schedule of tuition, fees and all other charges and expenses necessary for completion of the course or program, and termination, withdrawal and refund policies; (E) upon satisfactory completion of the course or program, each student shall be provided appropriate educational credentials by the school; (F) adequate records shall be maintained by the school to show attendance and grades, or other indicators of student progress, and standards shall be enforced relating to attendance and student performance; (G) the applicant school shall be financially sound and capable of fulfilling its commitments to students; (H) any student housing owned, leased, rented or otherwise maintained by the applicant school shall be safe and adequate; and (I) the school and any branch of the school in this state has a director located at the school or branch who is responsible for daily oversight of the school's or branch's operations. The evaluation team may also indicate in its report such recommendations as may improve the operation of the applicant school.

(h) Any hospital offering instruction in any form or manner in any trade, industrial, commercial, service, professional or other occupation for any remuneration, consideration, reward or promise, except to hospital employees, members of the medical staff and training for contracted workers, shall obtain a certificate of authorization from the executive director for the occupational instruction offered. Each hospital-based occupational school submitting an application for initial authorization shall pay an application fee of two hundred dollars

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made payable to the private occupational school student protection account. The executive director shall develop a process for prioritizing the authorization of hospital-based occupational schools based on size and scope of occupational instruction offered. Such schools shall be in compliance with this section when required pursuant to the executive director's process, or by 2012, whichever is earlier.

(i) Any program, school or other entity offering instruction in any form or manner in barbering or hairdressing for any remuneration, consideration, reward or promise shall obtain a certificate of authorization from the executive director of the Office of Higher Education for the occupational instruction offered. Each program, school or entity approved on or before July 1, 2013, by the Connecticut Examining Board for Barbers, Hairdressers and Cosmeticians pursuant to chapter 368 or 387 that submits an application for initial authorization shall pay an application fee of five hundred dollars made payable to the private occupational school student protection account. The executive director of the Office of Higher Education shall develop a process for prioritizing the authorization of such barber and hairdressing programs, schools and entities. Such programs, schools and entities shall be in compliance with this section on or before July 1, 2015, or when required pursuant to the executive director's process, whichever is earlier. No person, board, association, partnership corporation, limited liability company or other entity shall establish a new program, school or other entity that offers instruction in any form or manner in barbering or hairdressing on or after July 1, 2013, unless such person, board, association, partnership, corporation, limited liability company or other entity first receives from the executive director of the Office of Higher Education a certificate authorizing the barbering or hairdressing occupational instruction to be offered in accordance with the provisions of this section.

Sec. 542. Subdivision (10) of subsection (b) of section 1 of house bill 5979 of the current session, as amended by house amendment schedule A, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*

- 1349 from passage):
- 1350 (10) The Commissioners of Social Services, Public Health,
- 1351 <u>Developmental Services</u>, and Emergency Services and Public
- 1352 Protection, the Commissioner on Aging and the Labor Commissioner
- and Banking Commissioner, or said commissioners' designees; and
- 1354 Sec. 543. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2013) (a) As used in this section,
- 1355 "nuclear medicine technologist" means a person who holds and
- maintains current certification in good standing as a nuclear medicine
- 1357 technologist with the Nuclear Medicine Technology Certification
- 1358 Board or the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists.
- (b) The practice of nuclear medicine technology includes the use of
- sealed and unsealed radioactive materials, as well as pharmaceuticals,
- 1361 adjunctive medications and imaging modalities with or without
- 1362 contrast as part of diagnostic evaluation and therapy. The
- responsibilities of a nuclear medicine technologist include, but are not
- limited to, patient care, quality control, diagnostic procedures and
- 1365 testing, administration of radiopharmaceutical and adjunctive
- 1366 medications, in vitro diagnostic testing, radionuclide therapy and
- 1367 radiation safety.
- 1368 (c) A nuclear medicine technologist may perform nuclear medicine
- procedures under the supervision and direction of a physician licensed
- pursuant to chapter 370 of the general statutes provided: (1) The
- physician is satisfied as to the ability and competency of the nuclear
- medicine technologist; (2) such delegation is consistent with the health
- and welfare of the patient and in keeping with sound medical practice;
- and (3) such procedures are performed under the oversight, control
- and direction of the physician.
- 1376 (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to the
- 1377 activities and services of a person who is enrolled in a nuclear
- 1378 medicine technology educational program acceptable to the Nuclear
- 1379 Medicine Technology Certification Board or the American Registry of

Radiologic Technologists, provided such activities and services are incidental to the course of study.

- (e) A nuclear medicine technologist shall not: (1) Operate a standalone computed tomography imaging system, except as provided in section 20-74ee of the general statutes, as amended by this act; or (2) independently perform a nuclear cardiology stress test, except the nuclear medicine technologist may administer adjunct medications and radio pharmaceuticals during the nuclear cardiology stress test and perform the imaging portion of the nuclear cardiology stress test.
- Sec. 544. Subsection (b) of section 20-9 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1, 2013):
- (b) The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to:
- 1393 (1) Dentists while practicing dentistry only;
- 1394 (2) Any person in the employ of the United States government while acting in the scope of his employment;
- 1396 (3) Any person who furnishes medical or surgical assistance in cases 1397 of sudden emergency;
 - (4) Any person residing out of this state who is employed to come into this state to render temporary assistance to or consult with any physician or surgeon who has been licensed in conformity with the provisions of this chapter;
 - (5) Any physician or surgeon residing out of this state who holds a current license in good standing in another state and who is employed to come into this state to treat, operate or prescribe for any injury, deformity, ailment or disease from which the person who employed such physician, or the person on behalf of whom such physician is employed, is suffering at the time when such nonresident physician or surgeon is so employed, provided such physician or surgeon may

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practice in this state without a Connecticut license for a period not to exceed thirty consecutive days;

- 1411 (6) Any person rendering service as (A) an advanced practice 1412 registered nurse if such service is rendered in collaboration with a
- 1413 licensed physician, or (B) an advanced practice registered nurse
- 1414 maintaining classification from the American Association of Nurse
- 1415 Anesthetists if such service is under the direction of a licensed
- 1416 physician;
- 1417 (7) Any nurse-midwife practicing nurse-midwifery in accordance with the provisions of chapter 377;
- 1419 (8) Any podiatrist licensed in accordance with the provisions of 1420 chapter 375;
- 1421 (9) Any Christian Science practitioner who does not use or prescribe
- in his practice any drugs, poisons, medicines, chemicals, nostrums or
- 1423 surgery;
- 1424 (10) Any person licensed to practice any of the healing arts named
- in section 20-1, who does not use or prescribe in his practice any drugs,
- 1426 medicines, poisons, chemicals, nostrums or surgery;
- 1427 (11) Any graduate of any school or institution giving instruction in
- 1428 the healing arts who has been issued a permit in accordance with
- 1429 subsection (a) of section 20-11a and who is serving as an intern,
- 1430 resident or medical officer candidate in a hospital;
- 1431 (12) Any student participating in a clinical clerkship program who
- has the qualifications specified in subsection (b) of section 20-11a;
- 1433 (13) Any person, otherwise qualified to practice medicine in this
- state except that he is a graduate of a medical school located outside of
- 1435 the United States or the Dominion of Canada which school is
- recognized by the American Medical Association or the World Health
- 1437 Organization, to whom the Connecticut Medical Examining Board,

subject to such regulations as the Commissioner of Public Health, with advice and assistance from the board, prescribes, has issued a permit to serve as an intern or resident in a hospital in this state for the purpose of extending his education;

- (14) Any person rendering service as a physician assistant licensed pursuant to section 20-12b, a registered nurse, a licensed practical nurse or a paramedic, as defined in subdivision (15) of section 19a-175, acting within the scope of regulations adopted pursuant to section 19a-179, if such service is rendered under the supervision, control and responsibility of a licensed physician;
- 1448 (15) Any student enrolled in an accredited physician assistant 1449 program or paramedic program approved in accordance with 1450 regulations adopted pursuant to section 19a-179, who is performing 1451 such work as is incidental to his course of study;
- (16) Any person who, on June 1, 1993, has worked continuously in this state since 1979 performing diagnostic radiology services and who, as of October 31, 1997, continued to render such services under the supervision, control and responsibility of a licensed physician solely within the setting where such person was employed on June 1, 1993;
 - (17) Any person practicing athletic training, as defined in section 20-65f;
- (18) When deemed by the Connecticut Medical Examining Board to be in the public's interest, based on such considerations as academic attainments, specialty board certification and years of experience, to a foreign physician or surgeon whose professional activities shall be confined within the confines of a recognized medical school;
- 1464 (19) Any technician engaging in tattooing in accordance with the 1465 provisions of section 19a-92a and any regulations adopted thereunder;
- 1466 (20) Any person practicing perfusion, as defined in section 20-162aa; 1467 [or]

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1468 (21) Any foreign physician or surgeon (A) participating in 1469 supervised clinical training under the direct supervision and control of 1470 a physician or surgeon licensed in accordance with the provisions of 1471 this chapter, and (B) whose professional activities are confined to a 1472 licensed hospital that has a residency program accredited by the 1473 Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or that is a 1474 primary affiliated teaching hospital of a medical school accredited by 1475 the Liaison Committee on Medical Education. Such hospital shall 1476 verify that the foreign physician or surgeon holds a current valid 1477 license in another country; or

- 1478 (22) Any person practicing as a nuclear medicine technologist, as
 1479 defined in section 543 of this act, while performing under the
 1480 supervision and direction of a physician licensed in accordance with
 1481 the provisions of this chapter.
- Sec. 545. Subsection (a) of section 20-74ee of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1, 2013):
- (a) (1) Nothing in subsection (c) of section 19a-14, sections 20-74aa to 20-74cc, inclusive, and this section shall be construed to require licensure as a radiographer or to limit the activities of a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 370, a chiropractor licensed pursuant to chapter 372, a natureopath licensed pursuant to chapter 373, a podiatrist licensed pursuant to chapter 375, a dentist licensed pursuant to chapter 384.
 - (2) Nothing in subsection (c) of section 19a-14, sections 20-74aa to 20-74cc, inclusive, and this section shall be construed to require licensure as a radiographer or to limit the activities of a dental hygienist licensed pursuant to chapter 379a, provided such dental hygienist is engaged in the taking of dental x-rays under the general supervision of a dentist licensed pursuant to chapter 379.
- 1498 (3) Nothing in subsection (c) of section 19a-14, sections 20-74aa to

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20-74cc, inclusive, and this section shall be construed to require 1499 1500 licensure as a radiographer or to limit the activities of: (A) A dental 1501 assistant as defined in section 20-112a, provided such dental assistant 1502 is engaged in the taking of dental x-rays under the supervision and 1503 control of a dentist licensed pursuant to chapter 379 and can 1504 demonstrate successful completion of the dental radiography portion 1505 of an examination prescribed by the Dental Assisting National Board, 1506 or (B) a dental assistant student, intern or trainee pursuing practical 1507 training in the taking of dental x-rays provided such activities 1508 constitute part of a supervised course or training program and such 1509 person is designated by a title which clearly indicates such person's 1510 status as a student, intern or trainee.

(4) Nothing in subsection (c) of section 19a-14, sections 20-74aa to 20-74cc, inclusive, and this section shall be construed to [require licensure as a radiographer or to limit the activities of a technologist certified by the International Society for Clinical Densitometry or the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists, provided such individual is engaged in the operation of a bone densitometry system under the supervision, control and responsibility of a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 370] prohibit a nuclear medicine technologist, as defined in section 543 of this act, who (A) has successfully completed the individual certification exam for computed tomography or magnetic resonance imaging administered by the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists, and (B) holds and maintains in good standing, computed tomography or magnetic resonance imaging certification by the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists, from fully operating a computed tomography or magnetic resonance imaging portion of a hybrid-fusion imaging system, including diagnostic imaging, in conjunction with a positron emission tomography or single-photon emission computed tomography imaging system.

(5) Nothing in subsection (c) of section 19a-14, sections 20-74aa to 20-74cc, inclusive, and this section shall be construed to require

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licensure as a radiographer or to limit the activities of a podiatric medical assistant, provided such podiatric assistant is engaged in taking of podiatric x-rays under the supervision and control of a podiatrist licensed pursuant to chapter 375 and can demonstrate successful completion of the podiatric radiography exam as prescribed by the Connecticut Board of Podiatry Examiners.

- (6) Nothing in subsection (c) of section 19a-14, sections 20-74aa to 20-74cc, inclusive, and this section shall be construed to require licensure as a radiographer or to limit the activities of a physician assistant, licensed and supervised pursuant to chapter 370, who is engaged in the use of fluoroscopy for guidance of diagnostic and therapeutic procedures or from positioning and utilizing a mini C-arm in conjunction with fluoroscopic procedures.
- Sec. 546. (Effective from passage) (a) From October 1, 2013, to September 30, 2014, inclusive, each hospital, as defined in section 19a-631 of the general statutes, that has obtained a certificate of need from the Office of Health Care Access that permits such hospital to provide coronary angioplasty services in an emergency situation but does not permit such services on an elective basis, shall report to the Department of Public Health once each month in the form and manner prescribed by the Commissioner of Public Health concerning: (1) The number of persons upon whom the hospital performed an emergency coronary angioplasty and who were discharged to another hospital in order to receive an elective coronary angioplasty; and (2) the number of persons upon whom the hospital performed an emergency coronary angioplasty and who were discharged by such hospital to another hospital in order to receive open-heart surgery.
- (b) Not later than January 15, 2015, the Commissioner of Public Health shall report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public health concerning the information received pursuant to this subsection.

Sec. 547. Subsection (a) of section 20-195c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2013*):

(a) Each applicant for licensure as a marital and family therapist shall present to the department satisfactory evidence that such applicant has: (1) Completed a graduate degree program specializing in marital and family therapy from a regionally accredited college or university or an accredited postgraduate clinical training program [approved] accredited by the Commission on Accreditation for Marriage and Family Therapy Education [and recognized by the United States Department of Education offered by a regionally accredited institution of higher education; (2) completed a supervised practicum or internship with emphasis in marital and family therapy supervised by the program granting the requisite degree or by an accredited postgraduate clinical training program, [approved] accredited by the Commission on Accreditation for Marriage and Family Therapy Education [recognized by the United States Department of Education offered by a regionally accredited institution of higher education in which the student received a minimum of five hundred direct clinical hours that included one hundred hours of clinical supervision; (3) completed a minimum of twelve months of relevant postgraduate experience, including at least (A) one thousand hours of direct client contact offering marital and family therapy services subsequent to being awarded a master's degree or doctorate or subsequent to the training year specified in subdivision (2) of this subsection, and (B) one hundred hours of postgraduate clinical supervision provided by a licensed marital and family therapist; and (4) passed an examination prescribed by the department. The fee shall be three hundred fifteen dollars for each initial application.

Sec. 548. Subsections (d) and (e) of section 501 of substitute senate bill 1070 of the current session, as amended by senate amendment schedule B, are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof

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- 1597 (Effective from passage):
- 1598 (d) The Commissioner of Public Health, or the commissioner's 1599 designee, shall be an ex-officio, nonvoting member of the [task force] 1600 <u>advisory council</u> and shall attend all meetings of the advisory council.
- (e) Any member of the [task force appointed] <u>advisory council</u> under subsection (c) of this section may be a member of the General Assembly.
- Sec. 549. Subsection (j) of section 1 of house bill 6406 of the current session, as amended by house amendment schedule A, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 1607 (j) (1) The commissioner shall, within available appropriations, 1608 establish an electronic prescription drug monitoring program to 1609 collect, by electronic means, prescription information for schedules II, 1610 III, IV and V controlled substances, as defined in subdivision (9) of 1611 section 21a-240, that are dispensed by pharmacies, nonresident 1612 pharmacies, as defined in section 20-627, outpatient pharmacies in 1613 hospitals or institutions or by any other dispenser, as defined in 1614 section 21a-240. The program shall be designed to provide information 1615 regarding the prescription of controlled substances in order to prevent 1616 the improper or illegal use of the controlled substances and shall not 1617 infringe on the legitimate prescribing of a controlled substance by a 1618 prescribing practitioner acting in good faith and in the course of 1619 professional practice.
 - (2) The commissioner may identify other products or substances to be included in the electronic prescription drug monitoring program established pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- 1623 (3) Each pharmacy, nonresident [pharmacies] <u>pharmacy</u>, as defined 1624 in section 20-627, outpatient pharmacy in a hospital or institution and 1625 dispenser, as defined in section 21a-240, shall report to the 1626 commissioner, at least weekly, by electronic means or, if a pharmacy or 1627 outpatient pharmacy does not maintain records electronically, in a

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format approved by the commissioner, the following information for all controlled substance prescriptions dispensed by such pharmacy or outpatient pharmacy: (A) Dispenser identification number; (B) the date the prescription for the controlled substance was filled; (C) the prescription number; (D) whether the prescription for the controlled substance is new or a refill; (E) the national drug code number for the drug dispensed; (F) the amount of the controlled substance dispensed and the number of days' supply of the controlled substance; (G) a patient identification number; (H) the patient's first name, last name and street address, including postal code; (I) the date of birth of the patient; (J) the date the prescription for the controlled substance was issued by the prescribing practitioner and the prescribing practitioner's Drug Enforcement Agency's identification number; and (K) the type of payment.

- (4) The commissioner may contract with a vendor for purposes of electronically collecting such controlled substance prescription information. The commissioner and any such vendor shall maintain the information in accordance with the provisions of chapter 400j.
- (5) The commissioner and any such vendor shall not disclose controlled substance prescription information reported pursuant to subdivision (3) of this subsection, except as authorized pursuant to the provisions of sections 21a-240 to 21a-283, inclusive. Any person who knowingly violates any provision of this subdivision or subdivision (4) of this subsection shall be guilty of a class D felony.
- (6) The commissioner shall provide, upon request, controlled substance prescription information obtained in accordance with subdivision (3) of this subsection to the following: (A) The prescribing practitioner who is treating or has treated a specific patient, provided the information is obtained for purposes related to the treatment of the patient, including the monitoring of controlled substances obtained by the patient; (B) the prescribing practitioner with whom a patient has made contact for the purpose of seeking medical treatment, provided the request is accompanied by a written consent, signed by the

prospective patient, for the release of controlled substance prescription 1661 1662 information; or (C) the pharmacist who is dispensing controlled 1663 substances for a patient, provided the information is obtained for 1664 purposes related to the scope of the pharmacist's practice and 1665 management of the patient's drug therapy, including the monitoring of 1666 controlled substances obtained by the patient. The prescribing practitioner or pharmacist shall submit a written and signed request to 1667 1668 the commissioner for controlled substance prescription information. 1669 Such prescribing practitioner or pharmacist shall not disclose any such 1670 request except as authorized pursuant to sections 20-570 to 20-630, 1671 inclusive, or sections 21a-240 to 21a-283, inclusive.

- (7) No person or employer shall prohibit, discourage or impede a prescribing practitioner or pharmacist from requesting controlled substance prescription information pursuant to this subsection.
- 1675 (8) The commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with 1676 chapter 54, concerning the reporting, evaluation, management and 1677 storage of electronic controlled substance prescription information.
 - (9) The provisions of this section shall not apply to (A) samples of controlled substances dispensed by a physician to a patient, or (B) any controlled substances dispensed to hospital inpatients.
- 1681 (10) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any 1682 institutional pharmacy or pharmacist's drug room operated by a 1683 facility, licensed under section 19a-495 of the general statutes and 1684 regulations adopted pursuant to said section 19a-495, that dispenses or 1685 administers directly to a patient opioid antagonists for treatment of a 1686 substance use disorder.
- 1687 Sec. 550. (NEW) (Effective from passage) Any person, firm or 1688 corporation engaged in the growing of swine that are to be used or 1689 disposed of elsewhere than on the premises where such swine are 1690 grown shall register with the Commissioner of Agriculture on forms furnished by the commissioner. The commissioner may make orders

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and adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 the general statutes, concerning examination, disinfection, preventive treatment, disposition, transportation, importation, feeding and sanitation for the protection of swine from contagious and infectious disease. Said commissioner shall, at once, cause an investigation of all cases of such diseases coming to the commissioner's knowledge and shall use all proper means to exterminate and prevent spread of the same. Instructions shall be issued, in writing, by the commissioner or the commissioner's agent that shall contain directions for quarantine and disinfection of the premises where such disease exists. No swine shall be brought into Connecticut by any individual, corporation or common carrier, unless the same originate from a herd that is validated as brucellosis-free and qualified pseudorabies-negative, and are accompanied by a permit issued by the commissioner and an official health certificate showing such animals to be free from any contagious or infectious disease, except that swine brought into this state for the purpose of immediate slaughter upon premises where federal inspection is maintained need not be accompanied by an official health certificate and the owner of each establishment where federal inspection is maintained shall report weekly to the commissioner, upon forms furnished by the commissioner, the number of such swine imported. Such permit shall accompany all waybills or, if animals are driven or carted over highways, shall be in the possession of the person in charge of swine. In addition to any other requirements of this section, all swine imported for other than immediate slaughter that are over three months of age, other than barrows, shall be negative as to a blood test for brucellosis and pseudorabies within thirty days of importation. With approval of the State Veterinarian, a thirty-day blood test may not be required for swine originating from, and residing for at least thirty days prior to importation in, a state that is validated as brucellosis-free and stage V pseudorabies-free, or for swine originating from any herd which the State Veterinarian determines to be pathogen-free. With such approval, swine may be imported pursuant to an import permit and a current official health certificate. All swine

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brought into the state for immediate slaughter shall be killed in an approved slaughterhouse under veterinary inspection.

Sec. 551. Section 10-297 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2013*):

The Commissioner of Rehabilitation Services is authorized to aid in securing employment for capable blind or partially blind persons in industrial and mercantile establishments and in other positions which offer financial returns. Said commissioner may aid needy blind persons in such way as said commissioner deems expedient, expending for such purpose such sum as the General Assembly appropriates, provided the maximum expenditure for any one person shall not exceed the sum of nine hundred [and] sixty dollars in a fiscal year, but, if said maximum amount is insufficient to furnish necessary medical or hospital treatment to a beneficiary, said commissioner may authorize payment of such additional costs as the commissioner deems necessary and reasonable.

Sec. 552. Section 19a-109 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2013*):

When any building or part thereof is occupied as a home or place of residence or as an office or place of business, either mercantile or otherwise, a temperature of less than sixty-five degrees Fahrenheit in such building or part thereof shall, for the purpose of this section, be deemed injurious to the health of the occupants thereof, except that the Commissioner of Public Health may adopt regulations establishing a temperature higher than sixty-five degrees <u>Fahrenheit</u> when the health, comfort or safety of the occupants of any such building or part thereof so requires. In any such building or part thereof where, because of physical characteristics or the nature of the business being conducted, a temperature of sixty-five degrees Fahrenheit cannot reasonably be maintained in certain areas, the Labor Commissioner may grant a variance for such areas. The owner of any building or the agent of such owner having charge of such property, or any lessor or

his agent, manager, superintendent or janitor of any building, or part thereof, the lease or rental agreement whereof by its terms, express or implied, requires the furnishing of heat, cooking gas, electricity, hot water or water to any occupant of such building or part thereof, who, wilfully and intentionally, fails to furnish such heat to the degrees herein provided, cooking gas, electricity, hot water or water and thereby interferes with the cooking gas, electricity, hot water or water and thereby interferes with the comfortable or quiet enjoyment of the premises, at any time when the same are necessary to the proper or customary use of such building or part thereof, shall be guilty of a class D misdemeanor. No public service company or electric supplier, as defined in section 16-1, shall, at the request of any such owner, agent, lessor, manager, superintendent or janitor, cause heat, cooking gas, electricity, hot water or water services to be terminated with respect to any such leased or rented property unless the owner or lessor furnishes a statement signed by the lessee agreeing to such termination or a notarized statement signed by the lessor to the effect that the premises are vacant.

Sec. 553. Subsection (b) of section 20-10b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2013*):

(b) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (d), (e) and (f) of this section, a licensee applying for license renewal shall earn a minimum of fifty contact hours of continuing medical education within the preceding twenty-four-month period. Such continuing medical education shall (1) be in an area of the physician's practice; (2) reflect the professional needs of the licensee in order to meet the health care needs of the public; and (3) include at least one contact hour of training or education in each of the following topics: (A) Infectious diseases, including, but not limited to, acquired immune deficiency syndrome and human immunodeficiency virus, (B) risk management, (C) sexual assault, (D) domestic violence, and (E) cultural competency. For purposes of this section, qualifying continuing medical education

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1792 activities include, but are not limited to, courses offered or approved 1793 by the American Medical Association, American Osteopathic Medical 1794 Association, Connecticut Hospital Association, Connecticut State 1795 Medical Society, county medical societies or equivalent organizations 1796 in another jurisdiction, educational offerings sponsored by a hospital 1797 or other health care institution or courses offered by a regionally 1798 accredited academic institution or a state or local health department. 1799 The commissioner may grant a waiver for not more than ten contact 1800 hours of continuing medical education for a physician who: [(1)] (i) 1801 Engages in activities related to the physician's service as a member of 1802 the Connecticut Medical Examining Board, established pursuant to 1803 section 20-8a; [(2)] (ii) engages in activities related to the physician's 1804 service as a member of a medical hearing panel, pursuant to section 20-1805 8a; or [(3)] (iii) assists the department with its duties to boards and 1806 commissions as described in section 19a-14.

Sec. 554. Section 19a-490 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2014*):

1809 As used in this chapter and sections 17b-261e, 38a-498b and 38a-1810 525b:

(a) "Institution" means a hospital, residential care home, health care facility for the handicapped, nursing home, rest home, home health care agency, homemaker-home health aide agency, mental health facility, assisted living services agency, substance abuse treatment facility, outpatient surgical facility, outpatient clinic, an infirmary operated by an educational institution for the care of students enrolled in, and faculty and employees of, such institution; a facility engaged in providing services for the prevention, diagnosis, treatment or care of human health conditions, including facilities operated and maintained by any state agency, except facilities for the care or treatment of mentally ill persons or persons with substance abuse problems; and a residential facility for the mentally retarded licensed pursuant to section 17a-227 and certified to participate in the Title XIX Medicaid program as an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded;

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(b) "Hospital" means an establishment for the lodging, care and treatment of persons suffering from disease or other abnormal physical or mental conditions and includes inpatient psychiatric services in general hospitals;

- (c) "Residential care home", "nursing home" or "rest home" means an establishment which furnishes, in single or multiple facilities, food and shelter to two or more persons unrelated to the proprietor and, in addition, provides services which meet a need beyond the basic provisions of food, shelter and laundry;
- (d) "Home health care agency" means a public or private organization, or a subdivision thereof, engaged in providing professional nursing services and the following services, available twenty-four hours per day, in the patient's home or a substantially equivalent environment: Homemaker-home health aide services as defined in this section, physical therapy, speech therapy, occupational therapy or medical social services. The agency shall provide professional nursing services and at least one additional service directly and all others directly or through contract. An agency shall be available to enroll new patients seven days a week, twenty-four hours per day;
 - (e) "Homemaker-home health aide agency" means a public or private organization, except a home health care agency, which provides in the patient's home or a substantially equivalent environment supportive services which may include, but are not limited to, assistance with personal hygiene, dressing, feeding and incidental household tasks essential to achieving adequate household and family management. Such supportive services shall be provided under the supervision of a registered nurse and, if such nurse determines appropriate, shall be provided by a social worker, physical therapist, speech therapist or occupational therapist. Such supervision may be provided directly or through contract;
- (f) "Homemaker-home health aide services" as defined in this

section shall not include services provided to assist individuals with activities of daily living when such individuals have a disease or condition that is chronic and stable as determined by a physician licensed in the state of Connecticut;

- (g) "Mental health facility" means any facility for the care or treatment of mentally ill or emotionally disturbed persons, or any mental health outpatient treatment facility that provides treatment to persons sixteen years of age or older who are receiving services from the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services, but does not include family care homes for the mentally ill;
- (h) "Alcohol or drug treatment facility" means any facility for the care or treatment of persons suffering from alcoholism or other drug addiction;
- 1870 (i) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, 1871 limited liability company or association;
- 1872 (j) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Public Health;
- 1873 (k) "Home health agency" means an agency licensed as a home 1874 health care agency or a homemaker-home health aide agency; and
- (l) "Assisted living services agency" means an agency that provides, among other things, nursing services and assistance with activities of daily living to a population that is chronic and stable.
 - (m) "Outpatient clinic" means an organization operated by a municipality or a corporation, other than a hospital, that provides (1) ambulatory medical care, including preventive and health promotion services, (2) dental care, or (3) mental health services in conjunction with medical or dental care for the purpose of diagnosing or treating a health condition that does not require the patient's overnight care.
- Sec. 555. (NEW) (Effective January 1, 2014) (a) The Commissioner of Public Health shall license outpatient clinics, as defined in section 19a-

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1886 490 of the general statutes, as amended by this act.

(b) The commissioner may adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to implement the provisions of this section. The commissioner may waive any provision of the regulations for outpatient clinics. The commissioner may implement policies and procedures necessary to administer the provisions of this section while in the process of adopting such policies and procedures as regulations, provided notice of intent to adopt regulations is published in the Connecticut Law Journal not later than twenty days after the date of implementation. Policies and procedures implemented pursuant to this section shall be valid until the time final regulations are adopted."

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following			
sections:			
Sec. 501	July 1, 2013	19a-521	
Sec. 502	July 1, 2013	19a-490(c)	
Sec. 503	July 1, 2013	17b-451(a)	
Sec. 504	July 1, 2013	19a-491b	
Sec. 505	July 1, 2013	19a-491c(a)	
Sec. 506	July 1, 2013	19a-497	
Sec. 507	July 1, 2013	19a-498(d)	
Sec. 508	July 1, 2013	19a-502(b)	
Sec. 509	July 1, 2013	19a-521c	
Sec. 510	July 1, 2013	19a-522	
Sec. 511	July 1, 2013	19a-523	
Sec. 512	July 1, 2013	19a-524	
Sec. 513	July 1, 2013	19a-525	
Sec. 514	July 1, 2013	19a-526	
Sec. 515	July 1, 2013	19a-527	
Sec. 516	July 1, 2013	19a-528	
Sec. 517	July 1, 2013	19a-529	
Sec. 518	July 1, 2013	19a-531	
Sec. 519	July 1, 2013	19a-532	
Sec. 520	July 1, 2013	19a-534	
Sec. 521	July 1, 2013	19a-534a	
Sec. 522	July 1, 2013	19a-538	

Sec. 524 July 1, 2013 19a-542 Sec. 525 July 1, 2013 19a-543 Sec. 526 July 1, 2013 19a-544 Sec. 527 July 1, 2013 19a-545(a) Sec. 528 July 1, 2013 19a-546(a) Sec. 529 July 1, 2013 19a-547 Sec. 530 July 1, 2013 19a-548 Sec. 531 July 1, 2013 19a-549 Sec. 532 July 1, 2013 19a-550 Sec. 533 July 1, 2013 19a-551 Sec. 534 July 1, 2013 20-101a(a) Sec. 535 July 1, 2013 45a-644(a) Sec. 536 July 1, 2013 45a-669(a) Sec. 537 July 1, 2013 46a-11a(6) Sec. 538 October 1, 2013 19a-524 Sec. 539 October 1, 2013 22a-403(b) Sec. 540 October 1, 2013 52-146o Sec. 541 July 1, 2013 10a-22b Sec. 542 from passage HB 5979 (current session), 1 (b)(10) Sec. 543 July 1, 2013 20-9(b)<	Sec. 523	July 1, 2013	19a-541
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